Avatars and Body Image

This lesson is part of USE, UNDERSTAND & CREATE: A Digital Literacy Framework for Canadian Schools: http://mediasmarts.ca/teacher-resources/digital-literacy-framework.

Overview

In this lesson students are introduced to the concept of "avatars" and share their experiences creating and playing avatars in video games and virtual worlds. They then create avatars using a program that is intentionally limited in terms of available body types and gender markers, first creating an avatar of their own gender and then of the opposite gender, and then discuss the program and relate it to representations of gender and body image in games and virtual worlds and in other media. Students then create avatars using a much more flexible version of the program and compare that experience to the more limited version. Finally, students use the more versatile program to create avatars that represent how they see themselves and how they would like others to see them online and reflect on the choices that went into creating them.

Learning Outcomes

Students will:

- Learn the definition of the term "avatar" in a digital context
- Consider and discuss the influence of avatars in games and virtual worlds on identity and body image
- Create a media product that communicates their self-perception and desired representation
- Reflect on the relationship between identity and online representation

Preparation and Materials

- Book a computer lab or otherwise arrange for Internet access for all students
- Arrange for students to access the Avatar Maker online game at: http://mediasmarts.ca/sites/mediasmarts/files/games/avatar-maker/. If you have trouble loading the game, please try an alternate browser (e.g. Chrome, Safari, Firefox or Internet Explorer).
- Prepare to project or share the slideshow Avatars Online
- Photocopy the assignment sheet My Avatars
Procedure

What are avatars?

Begin by asking students about their experiences with games and virtual worlds. Who plays them? Which are their favourites? What do they like about them?

Ask students if they know the term “avatar”. Make sure students understand the following key points:

- an avatar is a character that they control in a game
- not all games have avatars (for instance, puzzle games do not) but many do
- not all avatars are human or even humanoid (the car in a racing game could be termed an avatar) but most are
- many games and virtual worlds allow students to modify their avatar, either at the beginning or later in the game (or both)

Show students the Avatars Online slideshow and have them identify which games and virtual worlds the avatars come from (the answers are in the slideshow notes).

Making Avatars – Level One

Now have students use the Avatar Maker game on Level 1 to create an avatar the same sex as them. The options in Level 1 are limited, so they will need only 5 or 10 minutes to do this. Then have students talk about their experience creating their avatars. What was fun? What was frustrating? How was this similar to or different from the avatar creation in the games and virtual worlds they play?

Have students return to the Avatar Maker game, still on Level 1, and create an avatar of the opposite sex. When they're done, have them talk again about their experiences. How was it different from creating an avatar the same gender as you? What was fun or funny? Why was it funny? Was it frustrating? Why? How were girls' and boys' experiences different?

Avatars and Gender

Now ask: Are the gender differences in the avatars in their favourite games and virtual worlds similar to those in the avatar creator? Do they reflect how boys and girls are often portrayed in other media (cartoons, movies, comics, toys, etc.)? How are characters who are different from these gender types treated in games and other media (e.g., are characters who are different from the standard gender-type likely to be teased or shown as unpopular? Are they more likely to be villains or victims instead of heroes/heroines?)

Making Avatars – Level Two

Have students return to the Avatar Maker game but open Level 2. The code is 9999. Tell them now they can choose anything they want -- either gender, any body type and skin tone, any mix of clothes and accessories. Have students share the avatars they created and talk about their experiences and choices.
How was it different from using the Level 1? Did they like it better? What was different about the avatars they created (more fantastic, more like them, etc.)?

(Note: The Avatar Maker game does not allow students to print or copy their avatars, so students will need to get a screenshot and then paste it into a graphics or word processing program. For information on how to do this, see www.take-a-screenshot.org.)

Remind students of the last slide from the Avatars Online slideshow that showed "typical" male and female characters. Ask students: How do they think having only those choices would make boys and girls feel? How was using the Level 2 avatar different from creating or playing with an avatar in their favourite games and virtual worlds? Would they like to have more freedom in creating avatars online? What (if anything) would they like to do differently in the games and virtual worlds they play?

Assessment and Evaluation

Distribute the assignment sheet My Avatars and have students use the Level 2 avatar creator to make two avatars: a "realistic" one that reflects how they see themselves and a "fantasy" one that reflects how they would like to be seen online (how different these are is up to the students.) Have them print these two avatars (see note above) and label the choices they made: on the first avatar they identify why these choices reflect their real selves and on the second one they identify how their choices reflect how they want to be seen in games and virtual worlds. Finally, ask them to write a short paragraph reflecting on the similarities and differences between the two avatars.
My Avatars

For this assignment, you will use the Avatar Maker game on Level 2 to create two avatars:

- a "realistic" one that reflects how you see yourself in a real life
- and a "fantasy" one that reflects how you would like to be seen online

How different these are is up to you!

If you are doing this assignment at home, you can access the game at: http://mediasmarts.ca/sites/mediasmarts/files/games/avatar-maker/. If you have trouble loading the game, please try an alternate browser (e.g. Chrome, Safari, Firefox or Internet Explorer).

When you have finished making your avatars, print them by taking a screenshot and then pasting it into a graphics or word processing program, and then print the document. For instructions on how to take a screenshot on different platforms see the website www.take-a-screenshot.org

On your printed avatars, label the choices you’ve made:

- on the first avatar, identify how your choices reflect your real self
- on the second one, identify how your choices reflect how you would like to be seen in games and virtual worlds

Finally, write a short paragraph about the similarities and differences between the two avatars. As well as listing them, explain the choices you’ve made about how you represent yourself online.
“Steve” (Minecraft)
Avatars Online

Standard penguin (Club Penguin)
Sheriff (Roblox)
Avatars Online

Custom avatar (Fantage)
Avatars Online

Custom avatar (Stardoll)
Bony Sun (Poptropica)
Furi (left) and Poppet (right) (MoshiMonsters)
Male and female Night Elves (World of Warcraft)
## Assessment Task: Avatar and Reflection

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<th>Use</th>
<th>Learning Expectations</th>
<th>Achievement</th>
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| Skills and competencies that fall under "use" range from basic technical know-how – using computer programs such as word processors, web browsers, email, and other communication tools – to the more sophisticated abilities for accessing and using knowledge resources, such as search engines and online databases, and emerging technologies such as cloud computing. | experience oral, print and other media texts from a variety of cultural traditions and genres  
select and explain preferences for particular forms of oral, print and other media texts  
explore the use of information technology in an appropriate, safe and responsible manner | Insufficient (R);  
Beginning (1);  
Developing (2);  
Competent (3);  
Confident (4) |
| Understand | Learn to examine the various factors that influence body image; e.g. culture, media, peers, role models, weight loss industry  
examine how health habits/behaviours influence body image and feelings of self-worth  
identify and communicate values and beliefs that affect healthy choices  
demonstrate understanding how the media can play a powerful role in shaping our ideas about girls and boys  
use overt and implied messages to draw inferences and construct meaning in media texts  
express opinions about ideas, issues, and/or experiences presented in media texts and give evidence from the texts to support their opinions | Insufficient (R);  
Beginning (1);  
Developing (2);  
Competent (3);  
Confident (4) |
<table>
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<th><strong>Create</strong></th>
<th><strong>Learning Expectations</strong></th>
<th><strong>Achievement</strong></th>
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<td>Create is the ability to produce content and effectively communicate through a variety of digital media tools. It includes being able to adapt what we produce for various contexts and audiences; to create and communicate using rich media such as images, video and sound; and to effectively and responsibly engage with user-generated content such as blogs and discussion forums, video and photo sharing, social gaming and other forms of social media. The ability to create using digital media ensures that Canadians are active contributors to digital society.</td>
<td>use own experiences as a basis for exploring and expressing opinions and learning apply existing knowledge to generate new ideas, products, or processes using digital technology communicate ideas and information in a variety of oral, print and other media texts, such as short reports, talks and posters create original digital works as a means of personal or group expression identify conventions and techniques appropriate to the form chosen for a media text they plan to create produce media texts for specific purposes and audiences, using a few simple media forms and appropriate conventions and techniques</td>
<td>Insufficient (R); Beginning (1); Developing (2); Competent (3); Confident (4)</td>
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